



Sunday Morning Seminary

Developing a theology of God

Attributes of God's Divine Nature

(Moral purity, Integrity, Love)

The most fundamental tenant of any person's belief system must deal with their understanding of God. What a person believes about God will determine everything else about them!

Romans 1:20 tells us two things can be clearly known about God.
His eternal power & his divine nature

Moral Purity of God

God's _____

I. The _____ of God

A. majesty-holiness
(Ex. 15:11)

B. (_____) שׁוֹרֵר
(Isaiah 6:1-4)

II.. Absolute _____ & goodness

A. Purity (Hab.1:13)

B. The standard (Lev. 11:44-45, & Matt. 5:48)

When one measures one's holiness, not against the standard of oneself or of other humans, but against God, the need for a complete change of moral and spiritual condition becomes apparent.

Therefore... (2 Cor. 6:14-17 & Eph. 5:27)

God's _____

I. Just as God's holiness makes him perfect, so also must his law, being a true _____ of his nature, be perfect. (Ps. 19:7-9)

II. The _____ of God are in accord with His law. (Gen. 18:25 & Jer. 9:24)

God's _____

Not only does God ACT in conformity with his law, he _____ his kingdom in accordance with it.

Sin has _____ (Gen 2:17 & Romans 6:23)

God will _____ sin because sin deserves to be punished (Romans 12:19)

Integrity of God

_____ (being true)-
God is the real & true God,
Comparison to other Gods
(Jer. 10:10)

_____ addresses God the
Father as the only true God
(John 17:3)

_____ (telling the truth) -
God calls things as
they really are. He is
not swayed (I. Sam.
15:29 & Titus 1:2)

God's Word as _____
(John 17:17)

_____ (proving true)-
God keeps His promises.
As a result of His infinite
nature, he could not commit
to doing something he was
not capable of doing.
(Num. 23:19 & I Thess. 5
:24) 1st promise of a
redeemer (Gen. 3:15)

Love of God

- I. _____ love
- A. God has a concern for the _____ of those whom he loves (Deut. 7:7-8)
 - B. It is an _____ interest in us for our sake (John 15:9-17 (love is used 9 times))
 - C. This love is clearly seen in what God has already done (I. John 4:10 & Romans 5:6-10)
- II. Love through _____—God deals with people based not on merit or worthiness, but according to _____ their need.
- A. Grace brings _____ (Titus 2:11)
 - B. Grace is _____ favor (Eph. 2:7-9)
 - C. Grace is _____ given (Eph. 1:5-8)
- III. Love as an extension of _____
- A. characterized as tender-hearted, loving _____ for his people (Ps. 103:13)
 - B. God _____ our cry for help (Ex. 3:7)
 - C. Mercy evidenced in life of _____ (Matt. 9:35-36 & Mark 1:41)
- IV. _____ Love
- A. God continues to _____ judgment, wanting as many as possible to receive the salvation he offers. (2 Peter 3:9)
 - B. God's love is patient and kind, drawing us to _____ (Romans 2:4)